

Thermal – Mechanical System Progress Fred Hearty (CU-CASA)

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Overview

- Purpose of Review Identify "show stoppers"
- Dewar Design and Fabrication
- Dewar Issues & Actions
 - Cantilevered optical bench structural support
 - Thermal coupling bench to LN2 tank
 - ~1 year vacuum hold time
 - Floating thermal shield
 - Moisture retention in super-insulation
 - Structural analysis
- Present Integration and Test Plan

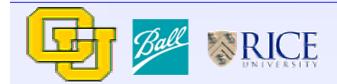




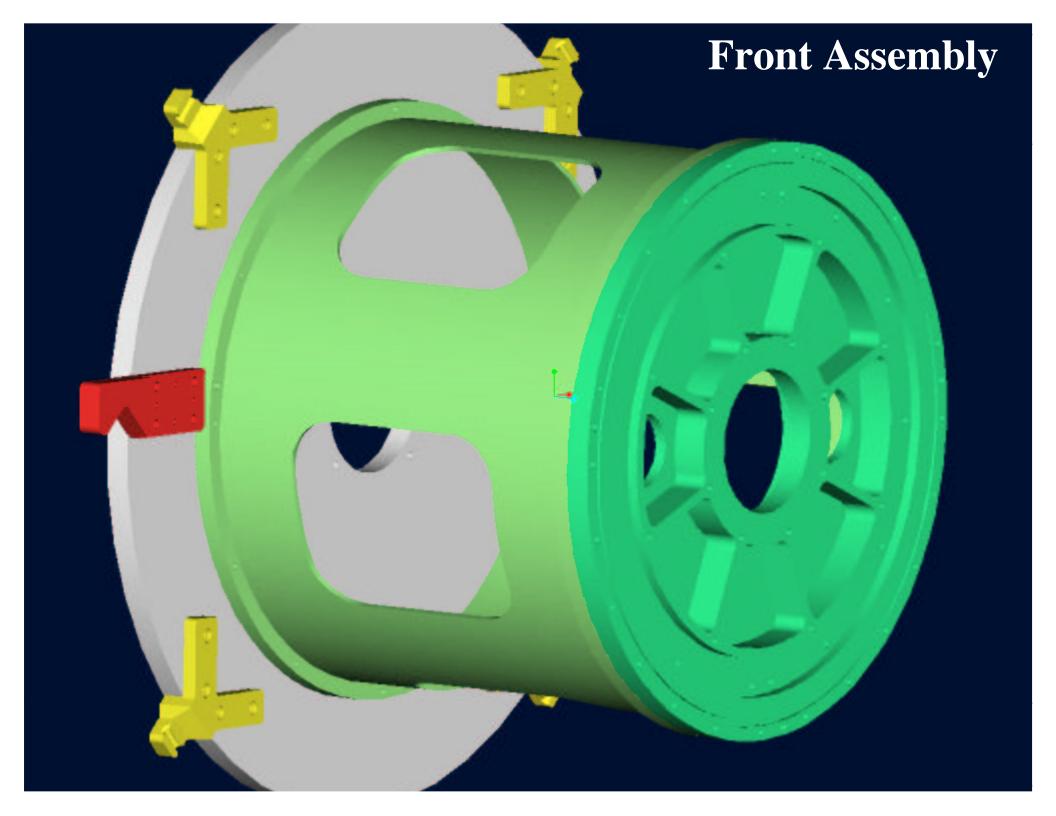


Instrument Structure

- Front Assembly
 - Rigid support for Dewar assembly, minimizes Dewar volume
 - Warm telescope focal plane, field stop, entrance window on 5-inch snout
 - All electrical connections through front Dewar wall (Vacuum Bulkhead)
 - Dry nitrogen back-fill connection
 - Pressure detector (Ion Gauge), overpressure relief
 - Nitrogen boil-off across entrance window



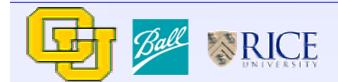




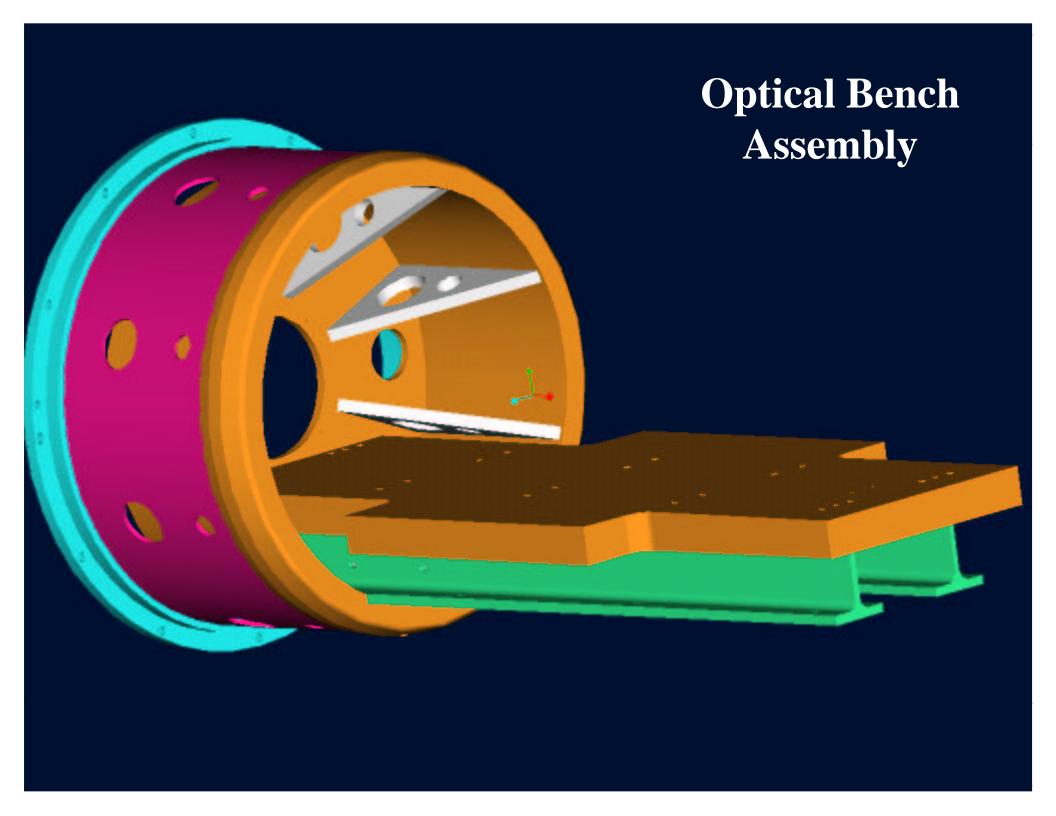


Instrument Structure (continued)

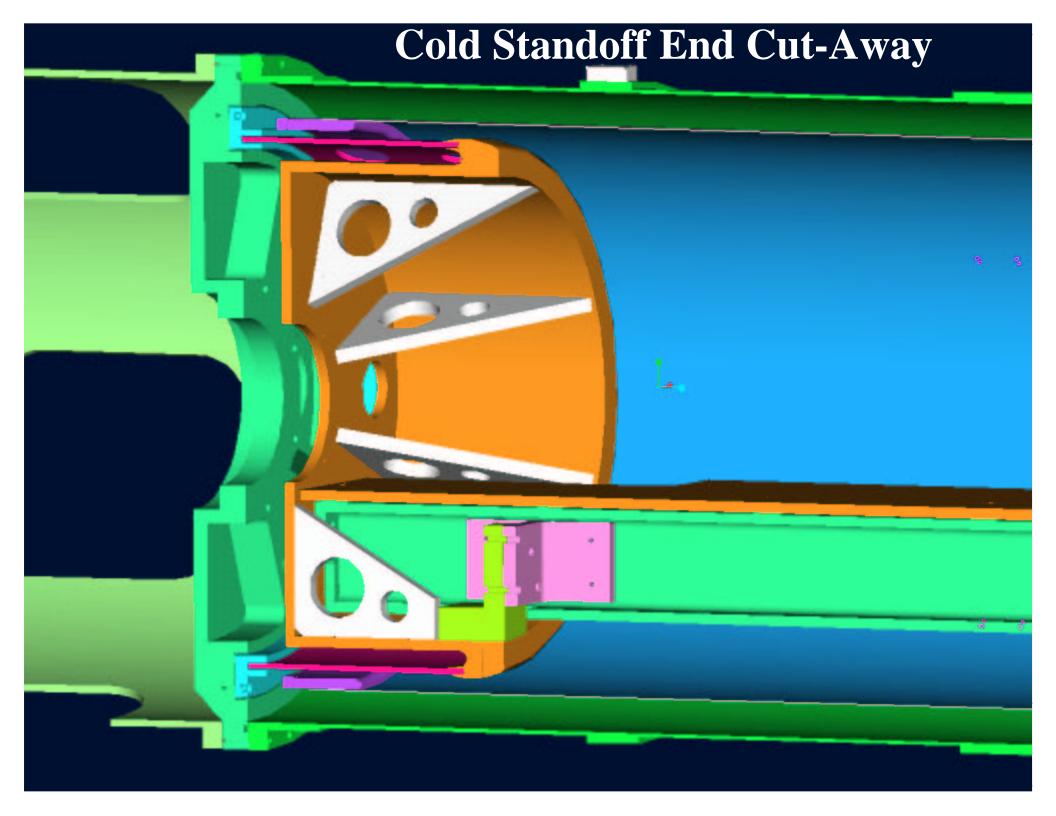
- Optical Bench Assembly
 - G-10 ring provides thermal barrier
 - Full cantilevered structure from Cold standoff
 - I-Beam and structural bench construction (~ 20-40 micron deflection)
 - Optical components all above plane of optical bench
 - Structure large enough to accommodate upgrade to 2k chip







Front Assembly with Optical Bench Assembly





Instrument Structure (continued)

- Thermal Shielding
 - Can-in-a-can design with PriMirror11 shield
 - Active shield (thermal straps plus radiation coupling)
 - Multi-layered insulation (MLI--mylar plus bridal veil) wrap
 - Remove with vacuum chamber shell
 - Separate front end shield, MLI blanket
 - LN2 tank shield, MLI blanket
 - Near 100% coverage (less entrance window, end annuli)
 - Approximately 12 layers in two removable blankets

Retain option to use single or double thermal shield without MLI





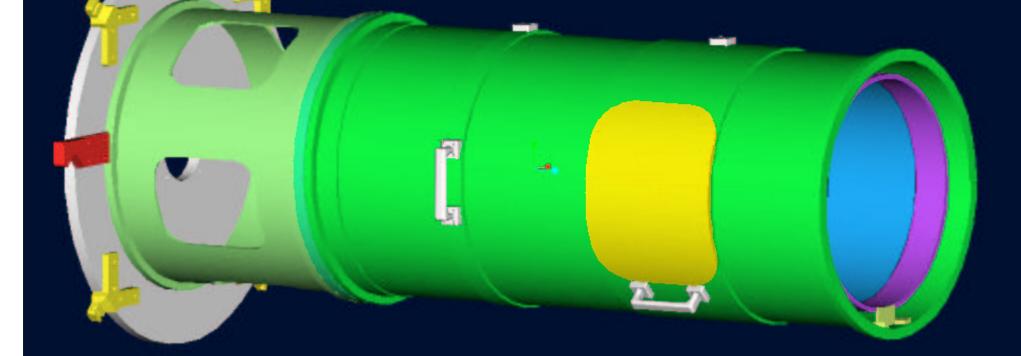


Thermal Shield Assembly

Vacuum Shell and Thermal Shield Assembly

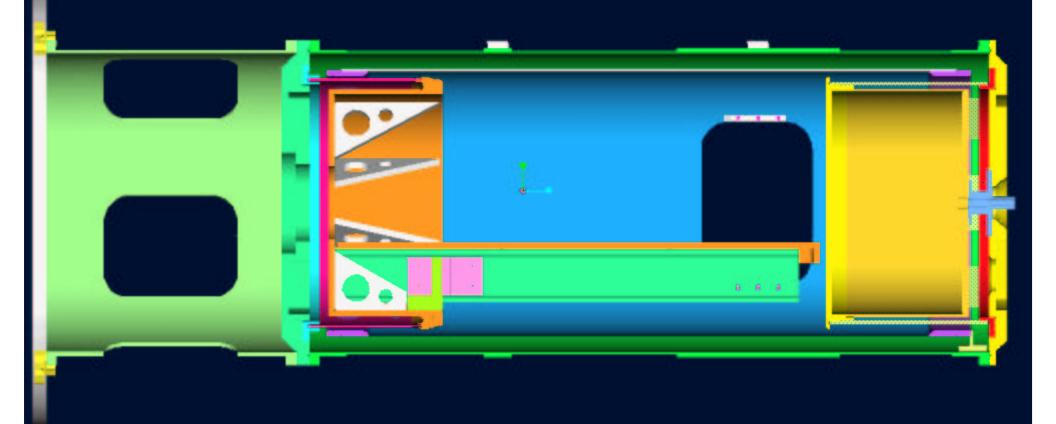


Assembled Dewar without LN2 Tank Assembly



Assembled Dewar with Optic Bench Assembly Visible

Assembled Dewar Cut-Away





Instrument Structure (continued)

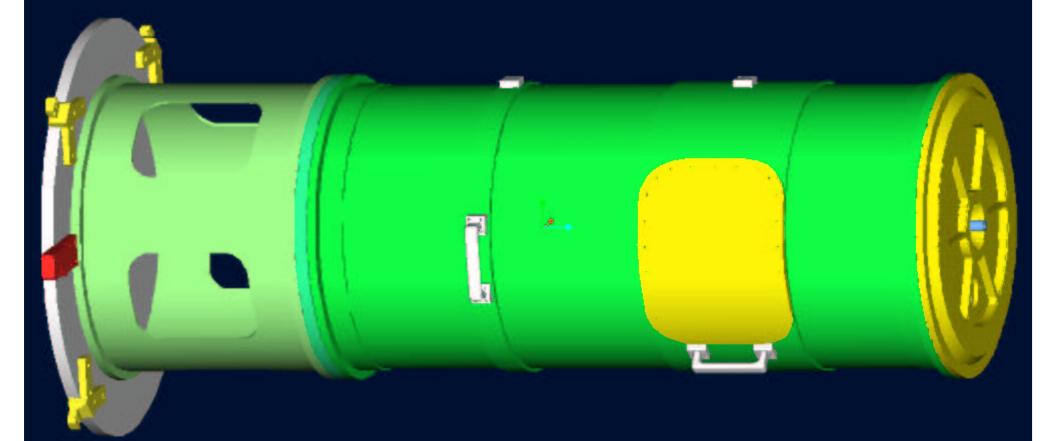
- LN2 Tank Assembly
 - Positioned beyond focal plane array
 - Independent of optical components/alignment
 - G-10 thermal standoff (plates)
 - Fill/vent connections through Rear Bulkhead, bellows assembly
 - Centerline vent, maximum half full for nasmyth mounting
 - Capacity 18.25 liters (~60 hrs hold time)
 - Cryo-sorption pump (zeolite/activated charcoal mix) close to tank
 - Thermal straps hard-mounted to tank face



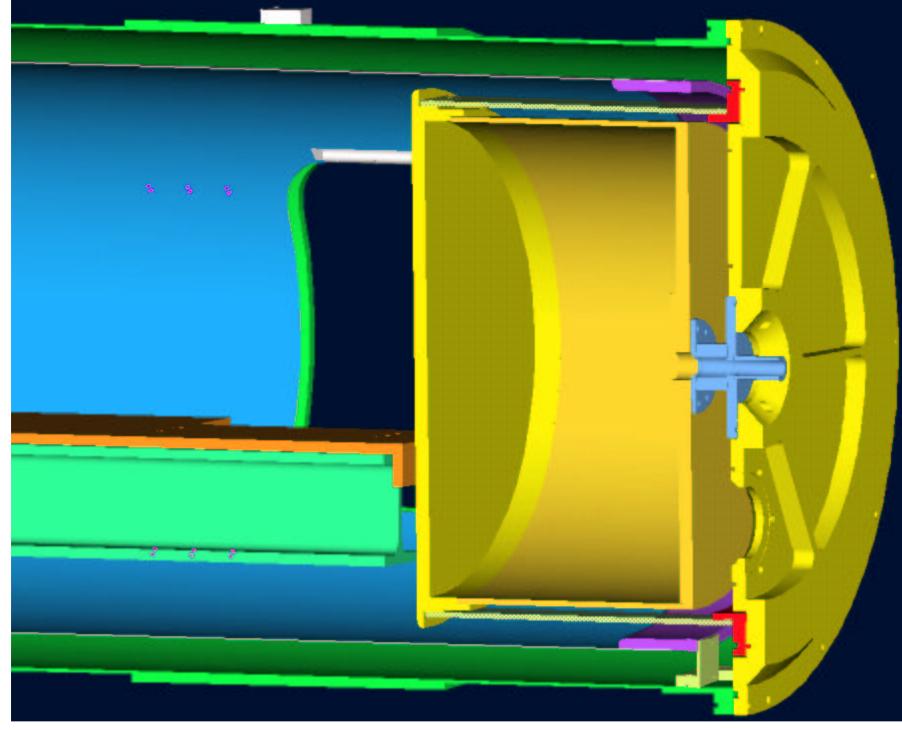


LN2 Tank Assembly

Assembled Dewar with LN2 Tank Assembly



LN2 Tank End Cut-Away





Dewar Issues & Actions

- Cantilevered optical bench structural support
 - Two-point support with cold standoff
 - Structural bench, thermal gradients minimized
 - Expect 8-10 degree ΔT end-to-end; measure during I&T
 - Deflections 20-40 microns on bench per mini-FEM, plus same order deflection due to thermal standoff
- Thermal coupling bench to LN2 tank
 - Thermal straps with access through housing access doors
 - Over-cool bench, regulate cooldown component-by-component
 - Characterize thermal performance during I&T
 - Expect 1-2 degree ΔT Optical bench to LN2 Tank







Dewar Issues & Actions (continued)

- One year vacuum hold time
 - Zeolite/charcoal mix getter (cryo-sorption pump) with option for ion pump
 - Single piece shell (no aluminum welds under vacuum)
 - Will characterize during I&T
 - Expect greater than 6 month hold time, one year is still possible
- Floating thermal shield
 - Standoff design allowing for axial/radial thermal contraction
 - Selected PriMirror 11 for shield
 - Considering two standoff design options (for can-in-a-can design)
 - Will test with and without MLI blankets during I&T







Dewar Issues & Actions (continued)

- Moisture retention in MLI
 - Removable blankets (using Velcro fasteners) that can be thermal-vac'd
 - Dry Nitrogen or zeolite dried storage of blankets when not installed
 - Will characterize during I&T
 - Option to do without MLI and use single/double shield layer
- Structural analysis
 - Finite element analysis performed on bench
 - Hand (computer) calculations performed for major structures
 - Hand calculations for thermal performance
 - No formal thermal/mechanical modeling risk issue
 - Will measure deflections using retro-reflection during I&T
 - Economizing on weight still possible (50-100 pound reduction)

